# UV diagnostics of the Starburst ISM

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Image Credit: NASA/Swift/Stefan Immler (GSFC) and Erin Grand (UMCP)

Rest-frame UV spectra characterize galaxy evolution **across all redshifts** 



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massive stars feedback nebular gas escaping ionizing radiation

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The COS Legacy classy Spectroscopic SurveY





Berg & the CLASSY Team, 2022

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FUV emission lines diagnose nebular gas physical conditions

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#### CLASSY is improving the calibration of FUV ionization, *T*<sub>e</sub>, *n*<sub>e</sub>, and metallicity diagnostics



#### **Densities** from **UV** diagnostics are **higher than optical** diagnostics by 1-2 dex on average

see, also, e.g., Hainline+09, Maseda+17, Berg+18

CLASSY is improving the calibration of FUV ionization,  $T_{e}$ ,  $n_{e}$ , and metallicity diagnostics



Abundances serve as evolutionary milestones

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Relative CNO abundances trace Metal retention / CGM & IGM enrichment

Berg, D.A., et al. 2019a

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Relative CNO abundances trace Metal retention / CGM & IGM enrichment

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**Relative CNO** abundances trace Metal retention / CGM & IGM enrichment



Could C/O be used as a diagnostic of galaxies?

Given the time delay in C production, we might very young expect to see a delay in C enrichment at high-z ...

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FUV resonant line emission tells us about the porosity of the CGM and the escape of ionizing radiation



Local evolution shows increase in neutral H at recent times



CGM gas is complex. LyA profile observed depends on both aperture and viewing angle.



High-ionization emission indicates production of very high-energy photons



Resonant CIV emission suggests **high-energy photons can escape** 

Berg et al, 2019b

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Resonant transitions can tell us about the column density of different ionized gas populations

Mg II detected in a z=7.5 galaxy.

MgII is much weaker than predicted by the photoionization models, suggesting very little Mg II or LyC escapes this system

#### **NUV MgII λλ2796,2803** emission probes LyC emission into the epoch of reionization



FUV spectra characterize the massive star populations (age, metallicity, ionizing continuum)





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Offset

+

Flux

Normalized

**High-resolution rest**frame FUV spectra with **ELTs will help constrain** physics of very-metalpoor stars

Observed high vsin(i) below 10% Z<sub>☉</sub> favors rotating stellar evolution models with higher ionizing photon production



The stellar continuum slope (β slope) diagnoses the attenuation due to dust

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## The UV is a power regime for diagnosing the conditions in star-forming galaxies



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### UVEX Ultraviolet Explorer

#### All-Sky Imaging Time Domain Spectroscopy

#### Exploring the Low Mass Galaxy Frontier

#### Legacy of Deep Synoptic Surveys

#### New Views of the Dynamic Universe

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